

PCT

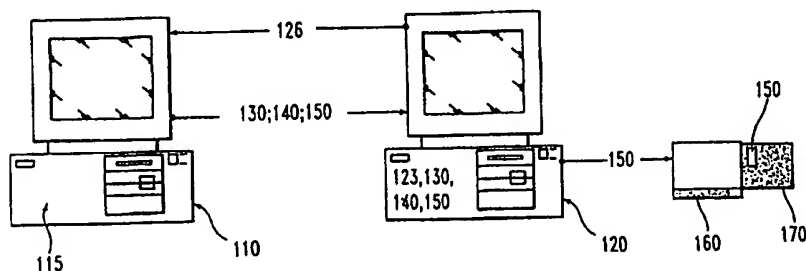
WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : G06F 17/60, G07F 7/02		A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/52051
			(43) International Publication Date: 14 October 1999 (14.10.99)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/GB99/00575		(81) Designated States: CN, HU, JP, KR, PL, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).	
(22) International Filing Date: 25 February 1999 (25.02.99)		Published <i>With international search report.</i>	
(30) Priority Data: 09/054,844 3 April 1998 (03.04.98) US			
(71) Applicant: INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION [US/US]; New Orchard Road, Armonk, NY 10504 (US).			
(71) Applicant (for MC only): IBM UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED [GB/GB]; P.O. Box 41, North Harbour, Portsmouth, Hampshire PO6 3AU (GB).			
(72) Inventors: PALMER, Charles, Campbell; 293 Waccabuc Road, Goldens Bridge, New York, NY 10526 (US). PALMER, Elaine, Rivette; 293 Waccabuc Road, Goldens Bridge, New York, NY 10526 (US). SMITH, Sean, William; 19 Bridge Street, Cornwall, New York, NY 12518 (US).			
(74) Agent: WILLIAMS, Julian, David; IBM United Kingdom Limited, Intellectual Property Dept., Hursley Park, Winchester, Hampshire SO21 2JN (GB).			

(54) Title: AUTHENTICATED ELECTRONIC COUPON ISSUING AND REDEMPTION



(57) Abstract

An online coupon issuing and redemption system and method receives requests for coupons from consumers, presents advertisements and issues coupons to consumers electronically. The system presents advertisements before issuing the coupons, such that an issuer may be assured its targeted consumer is receiving its advertisements. The coupons are issued on a smart card, thereby eliminating a need for paper coupons. The coupons are digitally signed in order to prevent fraud. In order to prevent further fraudulent tampering of coupons, the redemption station includes a tamper-protected coprocessor for performing operations on the coupons. The system further includes capability for the redemption station to link to an issuing station for electronic reimbursements.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece			TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon			PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakhstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

AUTHENTICATED ELECTRONIC COUPON ISSUING AND REDEMPTION

The present invention relates to an electronic advertisement and coupon issuance and redemption.

Retailers and manufacturers often sponsor incentive programs for persuading consumers to buy their products. These incentives include discount coupons distributed to consumers whereby a consumer may redeem the coupon when purchasing an associated item. Such coupons are usually distributed in paper forms.

The problems associated with paper coupons today are that the retailer and manufacturers who advertise cannot assure that consumers who use paper coupons have actually read the product advertisements which accompany the coupons. The advertisers do not have a way of knowing who is viewing their advertisements and cannot dynamically adjust the advertisement to fit the viewer's tastes and interests.

In addition, many cases of fraud related to paper coupons are occurring today. For example, paper coupons are easily counterfeited. Some consumers commit fraud by redeeming coupons for merchandise they have not purchased. Some retailers also commit fraud by redeeming coupons for merchandise which consumers have not purchased.

Manufacturers must rely on the cashiers and computer systems at retail establishments to assure that consumers who redeem coupons have actually bought the targeted product and that the coupons redeemed were not expired at the time of redemption. Retailers often rely on their cashiers to enforce coupon redemption rules. Other retailers rely on computerized systems to compare coupon bar codes to the consumer's purchases.

U.S. patent number 4880964 by Donahue describes paper coupons with bar codes printed on them, and thus does not solve the deficiencies of paper coupons described above. U.S. patent number 5710866 by Christensen et al. describes electronically generated coupons but requires a database of customers and spent coupons which is costly to maintain. It also requires online connection to the database at redemption time to determine if the coupon is valid.

In accordance with the present invention, there is now provided a coupon issuing system for electronically presenting advertisements and generating coupons, said system comprising: at least one issuing station for generating and transmitting electronic advertisements and electronic coupons according to predetermined criteria; at least one customer station

to transmit from a user to the issuing station a request for an electronic coupon, for receiving electronic advertisements and electronic coupons from the issuing station, and for presenting the advertisement to the user for interaction with the user; at least one smart card for holding
5 information including said electronic coupons; at least one smart card reader/writer for communicating information held in said at least one smart card to said at least one customer station; and at least one software program to monitor a status of the interaction of the user with the advertisement; whereby when said at least one software program detects
10 a predefined status, said at least one software program transfers said electronic coupons to said smart card via said smart card reader/writer.

Viewing the present invention from another aspect, there is now provided a system for redeeming electronic coupons comprising: at least one
15 redemption station; and at least one smart card reader/writer linked to said redemption station; whereby said redemption station selects and updates via said at least one smart card reader/writer, coupons stored in a smart card, deleting expired coupons and also those matching purchased items.

20 Viewing the present invention from yet another aspect, there is now provided a method for advertising and issuing at least one coupon electronically, said method comprising: receiving a request for said electronic coupon from a consumer; generating at least one electronic
25 advertisement and said electronic coupon; transmitting said electronic advertisement and said electronic coupon to a consumer's station for presentation to said consumer; monitoring said consumer's interaction with said advertisement; and transferring said electronic coupon to a smart card, if said consumer's interaction with said advertisement meets a
30 predefined status.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention there is provided an online coupon issuing and redemption system. The issuing system includes an issuing station. The issuing station is generally comprised of a
35 computer located usually at a manufacturer's site. The issuing station typically generates advertisements and coupons electronically. The issuing system also includes a consumer station, usually a computer and a smart card reader/writer generally located at the consumer site. The smart card reader/writer may be linked to the consumer computer either
40 directly or via a LAN or other network connections.

The issuing station and consumer station are linked via a communications network. When a consumer makes requests via the consumer station for coupons, the issuing station transmits the advertisement and
45 coupons it generated to the consumer station. The issuing station also

has a capability of digitally signing the coupons. Digital signatures insure the authenticity of the coupons as well as that of the issuer and the issuing station. Also included in the transmission is a program having a capability to run on the consumer station. The program is responsible for making sure that the consumer absorbs the entire advertisement and transferring the coupons to a smart card via the smart card reader/writer linked to the consumer station.

This assures the advertisers that a consumer actually perceives the advertisement for a product before receiving discount coupons.

The redemption system generally comprises a redemption station, typically a computer, and a smart card reader/writer linked to the redemption computer. The redemption system is typically located at a purchasing site. When a consumer is ready to make a purchase, the consumer inserts the smart card having electronic coupons stored in it into the smart card reader/writer linked to the redemption station. The redemption system reads the coupons via the smart card reader/writer and matches the purchased items with coupons. The matched coupons are extracted from the smart card, so that they may not be used again. At the same time, the redemption system deletes any expired coupons stored in the smart card.

The redemption system also may include a tamper-protected secure coprocessor. In order to protect a manufacturer from fraudulent merchants and customers, operations which assess the validity of coupons, operations which update, collect, store, or delete coupons may take place inside a tamper-protected hardware boundary. The hardware boundary is part of typical tamper-protected secure coprocessors and smart cards.

This provides a tamper-protected access to the coupons stored in the smart cards.

Embodiments of the present invention may include a database of coupons stored in the issuing station. The database may include a list of coupons issued or already spent. When a consumer is ready to redeem the coupons, the redemption station links to the database and validates the coupons stored in the consumer's smart card by comparing the smart card coupons with a list of coupons in the database. Only the valid coupons matching the list in the database may be actually redeemed.

In embodiments of the present invention there may be provided a communications link between a redemption station and an issuing station. Such a link is established when a merchant wants reimbursements from the manufacturer for the coupons the merchant redeemed to the consumers.

Typically the redemption computer sends electronic coupons which have been digitally signed to the issuing computer. The issuing computer validates the electronic signatures on the coupon. If the signatures are valid, the manufacturer reimburses the merchants for the valid coupons. This provides a mechanism for the manufacturer to electronically reimburse the merchants.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention will now be described by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is an exemplary diagram illustrating a physical architecture of an issuing system embodying the present invention;

Figure 2 is a flow diagram illustrating one possible logic flow of issuing software running on the issuing computer embodying the present invention;

Figure 3 is a flow diagram illustrating one possible logic flow of advertisement viewing software running on the viewing computer embodying the present invention;

Figure 4 is a flow diagram illustrating one possible logic flow for interaction between advertisement viewing software and issuing software;

Figure 5 is an illustrative example showing a physical layout of a redemption system architecture embodying the present invention;

Figures 6 and 7 are a flow diagram illustrating one possible logic flow in the redemption system during a typical point of sale;

Figure 8 is a flow diagram illustrating a possible logic flow in a typical daily coupon close-out;

Figure 9 is an illustrative example showing a physical layout of a software-based redemption system embodying the present invention.

Figure 1 is an exemplary diagram illustrating a physical architecture of an issuing system embodying the present invention. An authenticated electronic coupon issuing system shown in Figure 1 includes an issuing station, typically a computer 110 running issuing software 115; a viewing station, typically an advertisement viewing computer 120 running advertisement viewing software 123 which sends requests for coupons 125 to an issuing computer 110; an advertisement viewing computer 120 running advertisement applet software 130; an electronic advertisement 140; an

electronic coupon which is digitally signed 150; a dispensing smart card reader/writer 160; a customer's smart card 170 holding an electronic coupon 150. A typical smart card may be a chip card having an integrated circuit that is resistant to physical tampering. An issuing station typically comprises a computer at a manufacturer or clearing house site. Likewise, a viewing station typically comprises of a computer at a customer site. A customer is typically a consumer who receives coupons electronically and makes purchases using the coupons.

10 A dispensing smart card reader/writer 160 is attached to an advertisement viewing computer 120 and is accessible by advertisement applet software 130.

15 Issuing software 115, advertisement viewing software 123, and advertisement applet software 130 are typically purchased from software vendors. An electronic advertisement 140 is supplied by an advertisement content vendor. A customer's smart card 170 may be purchased from a smart card vendor. Likewise, a customer's smart card reader/writer 160 may be supplied by a smart card reader/writer vendor. An issuing computer 110 and an advertisement viewing computer 120 may be obtained from computer hardware vendors. An electronic coupon 150 is generated by issuing software 115. A request for coupons 125 is generated by advertisement viewing software 123.

25 Figure 2 is a flow diagram illustrating one possible logic flow of issuing software running on the issuing computer of the present invention. Initially in step 210, the issuing software awaits a request from an advertisement viewing computer. A request includes information about the customer, such as his interests (e.g., propensity for playing tennis), and demographics (e.g., a senior citizen). In step 220, the issuing software retrieves a customer's interest profile and demographics from a request. In step 230, the issuing software selects an electronic advertisement which matches a customer's interest profile and demographics. For example, if a customer is a senior citizen, the issuing software selects an electronic advertisement targeted at senior citizens, not one targeted at teenagers. In step 240, the issuing software generates an electronic coupon which is digitally signed.

40 Digital signatures are generally created by piping a sender's private key and the contents of the message into an algorithm. The output of the algorithm is the digital signature. The recipient can verify the digital signature by using the sender's public key and the message. The digital signature is secure because it would be virtually impossible for another computer to produce the identical digital signature. Each user has the responsibility of protecting the private key.

In step 250, the issuing software transmits an electronic advertisement, advertisement applet software, and an electronic coupon to an advertisement viewing computer. The issuing software then waits for another request from the advertisement viewing software.

5

Figure 3 is a flow diagram illustrating one possible logic flow of advertisement viewing software running on the viewing computer of the present invention. In step 310, the advertisement viewing software awaits a request for a coupon from a customer. In step 315, the viewing software obtains information about a customer, such as his interests and demographics. The viewing software may obtain the information directly from a customer through a dialogue, or from a customer's smart card, or from a file on the viewing computer. In step 320, the viewing software includes a customer's interest profile and demographics with a request for a coupon. In step 325, the viewing software transmits a request for a coupon to an issuing computer. In step 330, the viewing software awaits a response from an issuing computer. If there is no response, the viewing software times out, in step 335, displays an error message and, in step 310, awaits for another request from a customer. If there is a response from an issuing computer, the viewing software receives advertisement applet software, an electronic advertisement, and an electronic coupon as shown in step 340. In step 350, the viewing software then runs advertisement applet software. The software determines, in step 360, if the customer viewed an entire advertisement. In step 370, if the applet software times out or if a customer exited the software prematurely, the viewing software terminates the session and returns to wait for another request from a customer in step 310. In step 380, if the applet determines that a customer did view the entire advertisement, the applet software transmits an electronic coupon which is digitally signed to a customer's smart card via a dispensing smart card reader/writer.

An example of viewing software may include a World Wide Web (Web) page having a uniform resource locator (URL) address which a consumer may access via a Web browser. The URL address would be located in the web server linked to an issuing station. The Web page may have a number of parameter fields as input fields which the consumer is required to fill. The Web page with the parameters may then be transmitted to the web server at the issuing station. The web server together with issuing software may then use the parameters to generate electronic advertisements and coupons, transmitting them with an applet software to the viewing software. The viewing software typically launches the applet software. The launched applet software displays the advertisements on the consumer station, controlling the station's interaction with the consumer. The applet software may also be responsible for transferring the coupons to the consumer's smart card. Furthermore, the applet software may provide

45

interactivity, for example, requiring that the consumer answer questions about the product or advertisement, to assure that the consumer is truly absorbing the advertising information.

5 Figure 4 is a flow diagram illustrating one possible logic flow for interaction between advertisement viewing software and issuing software. In step 420, an advertisement viewing computer requests an electronic coupon from an issuing computer. In step 430, an issuing computer transmits advertisement applet software, an electronic advertisement, and
10 an electronic coupon which is digitally signed to an advertisement viewing computer. In step 440, an advertisement viewing computer runs applet software. The applet software displays an electronic advertisement. In step 450, the applet software determines how to proceed based on whether or not a customer viewed an entire advertisement. In step 460, if a
15 customer does not view an entire electronic advertisement, the advertisement applet software terminates the session and awaits another request, step 410. If, however, a customer views an entire electronic advertisement, in step 470, the applet software rewards the customer by transmitting an electronic coupon which is digitally signed to a
20 customer's smart card. The smart card is typically inserted into a dispensing smart card reader/writer. Furthermore, the advertisement applet software may be interactive, requiring that a customer answer questions about a product or advertisement, to assure that a customer is truly absorbing the advertising information. Secure protocols, tamper-
25 protected hardware, or record keeping databases typical in electronic money systems may be employed to prevent consumers and retailers from double spending or duplicating the electronic coupons. A suitable example for such secure protocols are described in detail in M. Bellare et al., "iKP - A Family of Secure Electronic Payment Protocols", July 12, 1995,
30 available from IBM.

Electronic coupons are not printed, therefore they cannot be printed over and over again, or photocopied. The number of electronic coupons a smart card may hold may be limited.

35 Figure 5 is an illustrative example showing a physical layout of a redemption system architecture embodying the present invention. An authenticated coupon redemption system as shown in Figure 5 comprises a redemption computer 510, a tamper-protected secure coprocessor 520, a
40 redemption smart card reader/writer 530, a customer's smart card storing a digitally signed electronic coupon 150, and an issuing station. An issuing station is typically comprised of a computer 110 and is generally resident at a manufacturer or at a clearing house that performs the duties for a manufacturer or a group of manufacturers. A redemption smart card
45 reader/writer 530 is typically attached to a redemption computer 510. A

tamper-protected secure coprocessor 520 is connected to a redemption computer 510 either directly or via a communications network. A redemption computer 510 may also be connected to an issuing computer 110, typically via phone line 570.

5

Figures 6 and 7 are a flow diagram illustrating a possible logic flow in the redemption system during a typical point of sale. In step 610, a consumer inserts the smart card 170 Figure 1 into a redemption smart card reader/writer 530 Figure 5. The smart card includes electronic coupons which have been digitally signed 150 Figure 1. In step 620, the smart card sends a list of all coupons stored in it to a redemption computer 510 Figure 5. In step 630, a redemption computer forwards the list of coupons and optionally a list of items purchased to a tamper-protected secure coprocessor 520 Figure 5. In step 640, the tamper-protected secure coprocessor 520 Figure 5 examines the list of all coupons, and assembles a list of those which have expired. In step 650, the tamper-protected secure coprocessor 520 Figure 5 requests a redemption computer to send a command to a smart card to delete expired coupons. Next, in step 660, the tamper-protected secure coprocessor searches for non-expired coupons that match actual items purchased. If there are no matching items, in step 670, the tamper-protected secure coprocessor tells the redemption computer that no items matched the coupon list. If there are matching items, in step 680, the tamper-protected secure coprocessor assembles a list of matching items and valid coupons. In step 690, the coprocessor requests the redemption computer to send a command to the smart card to extract valid matching coupons. In step 695, the smart card sends the valid matching coupons to the tamper-protected secure coprocessor.

In order to protect a manufacturer from fraudulent merchants and customers, operations which assess the validity of coupons, operations which update, collect, store, or delete coupons take place inside a tamper-protected hardware boundary 655. The hardware boundary is part of typical tamper-protected secure coprocessors and smart cards. A typical tamper-protected secure coprocessor may be a tamper-protected computing device having a microprocessor and memory in a tamper-protected enclosure, such as the IBM 4758.

Figure 8 is a flow diagram illustrating a possible logic flow during a typical daily coupon close-out. In step 710, a redemption computer 510 Figure 5 connects to the issuing computer 110 Figure 5 or clearing house computer. Such connection would generally occur at the end of the day, or at some appropriate period of time. In step 720, the redemption computer 510 Figure 5 sends electronic coupons which have been digitally signed 150 Figure 5 to the issuing computer 110 Figure 5. In step 730, the issuing

45

computer validates the electronic signatures on the coupons. In step 740, the clearing house reimburses the merchant for the valid coupons.

5 Figure 9 is an illustrative example showing a physical layout of a software-based redemption system embodying the present invention. The embodiment shown in Figure 9 replaces the tamper-protected secure coprocessor 520 Figure 5 in the redemption computer 510 Figure 5 with a database of coupons 810 in the issuing computer 110 Figure 5. The database includes either a list of already spent coupons (so as to reject
10 them if they are presented a second time) or a list of unspent coupons, from which it deletes coupons as they are presented for redemption. When a merchant connects to the issuing computer 110 to redeem the coupons, the issuing computer 110 searches the database 810 to determine if the coupons are valid. Only the valid coupons found in the database 810 may then be
15 redeemed.

While the invention has been particularly shown and described with respect to a preferred embodiment thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that the foregoing and other changes in form and
20 details may be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention.

Claims

1. A coupon issuing system for electronically presenting advertisements and generating coupons, said system comprising:

at least one issuing station for generating and transmitting electronic advertisements and electronic coupons according to predetermined criteria;

at least one customer station to transmit from a user to the issuing station a request for an electronic coupon, for receiving electronic advertisements and electronic coupons from the issuing station, and for presenting the advertisement to the user for interaction with the user;

at least one smart card for holding information including said electronic coupons;

at least one smart card reader/writer for communicating information held in said at least one smart card to said at least one customer station; and

at least one software program to monitor a status of the interaction of the user with the advertisement;

whereby when said at least one software program detects a predefined status, said at least one software program transfers said electronic coupons to said smart card via said smart card reader/writer.

2. A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said system further includes a user interface program for displaying information including request forms and the advertisements, whereby the advertisements are presented visually to the user via the customer station.

3. A system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said user interface program comprises a Web browser running on the customer station.

4. A system as claimed in claim 3, wherein said at least one software program includes a platform independent program downloadable dynamically from said issuing station, said at least one software program further controlling displays in conjunction with said Web browser.

5. A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said issuing station digitally signs said electronic coupons before downloading said electronic coupons to said customer station.

6. A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said advertisements are updated over predefined intervals.

7. A system for redeeming electronic coupons comprising:

5

at least one redemption station; and

at least one smart card reader/writer linked to said redemption station;

10

whereby said redemption station selects and updates via said at least one smart card reader/writer, coupons stored in a smart card, deleting expired coupons and also those matching purchased items.

15

8. A system as claimed in claim 7, wherein said system further includes at least one tamper-protected secure coprocessor, whereby operations which assess the validity of coupons including operations which update, collect, store, or delete coupons take place inside said tamper-protected secure coprocessor thereby preventing fraudulent tampering of said coupons.

20

9. A system as claimed in claim 7, wherein said system further includes at least one issuing station linked to said redemption station, whereby coupons collected by said redemption station are reimbursed by said at least one issuing station.

25

10. A system as claimed in claim 9, wherein said at least one issuing station includes a database for storing lists of coupons, whereby validation of redeemed coupons are performed by matching said redeemed coupons with said lists of coupons.

30

11. A method for advertising and issuing at least one coupon electronically, said method comprising:

35

receiving a request for said electronic coupon from a consumer;

generating at least one electronic advertisement and said electronic coupon;

40

transmitting said electronic advertisement and said electronic coupon to a consumer's station for presentation to said consumer;

monitoring said consumer's interaction with said advertisement; and

45

transferring said electronic coupon to a smart card, if said consumer's interaction with said advertisement meets a predefined status.

12. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein said method further includes the step of retrieving an interest and demographic profile for said consumer before the step of generating.

5 13. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein said step of generating includes digitally signing said electronic coupon.

14. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein said method further includes the steps of:

10

reading a list of said electronic coupon stored in said smart card;

deleting from said smart card said electronic coupon which have expired;

15

matching valid said electronic coupon with purchased items; and

extracting valid matching said electronic coupon,

20

whereby said consumer's electronic coupon is redeemed at a purchasing location when said consumer purchases items associated with said electronic coupon stored in said smart card.

25 15. The method according to claim 14, wherein said method further includes the steps of:

establishing a connection to an issuing station;

sending said electronic coupon to said issuing station;

30

validating said electronic coupon; and

reimbursing a merchant for valid said electronic coupon,

35

whereby said issuing station periodically reimburses merchants collecting said electronic coupon.

40

1/9

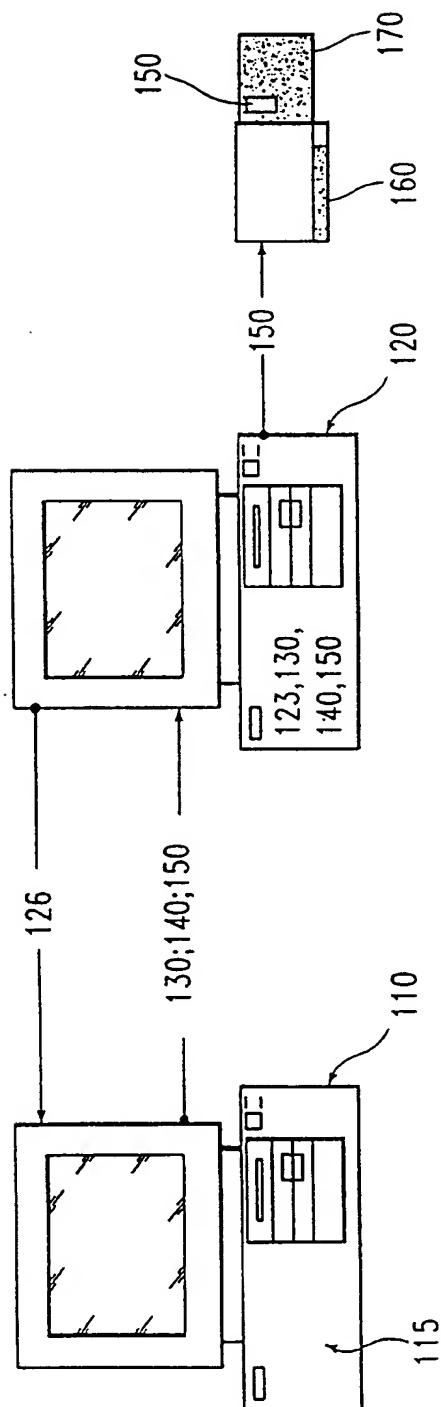


FIG. 1

2/9

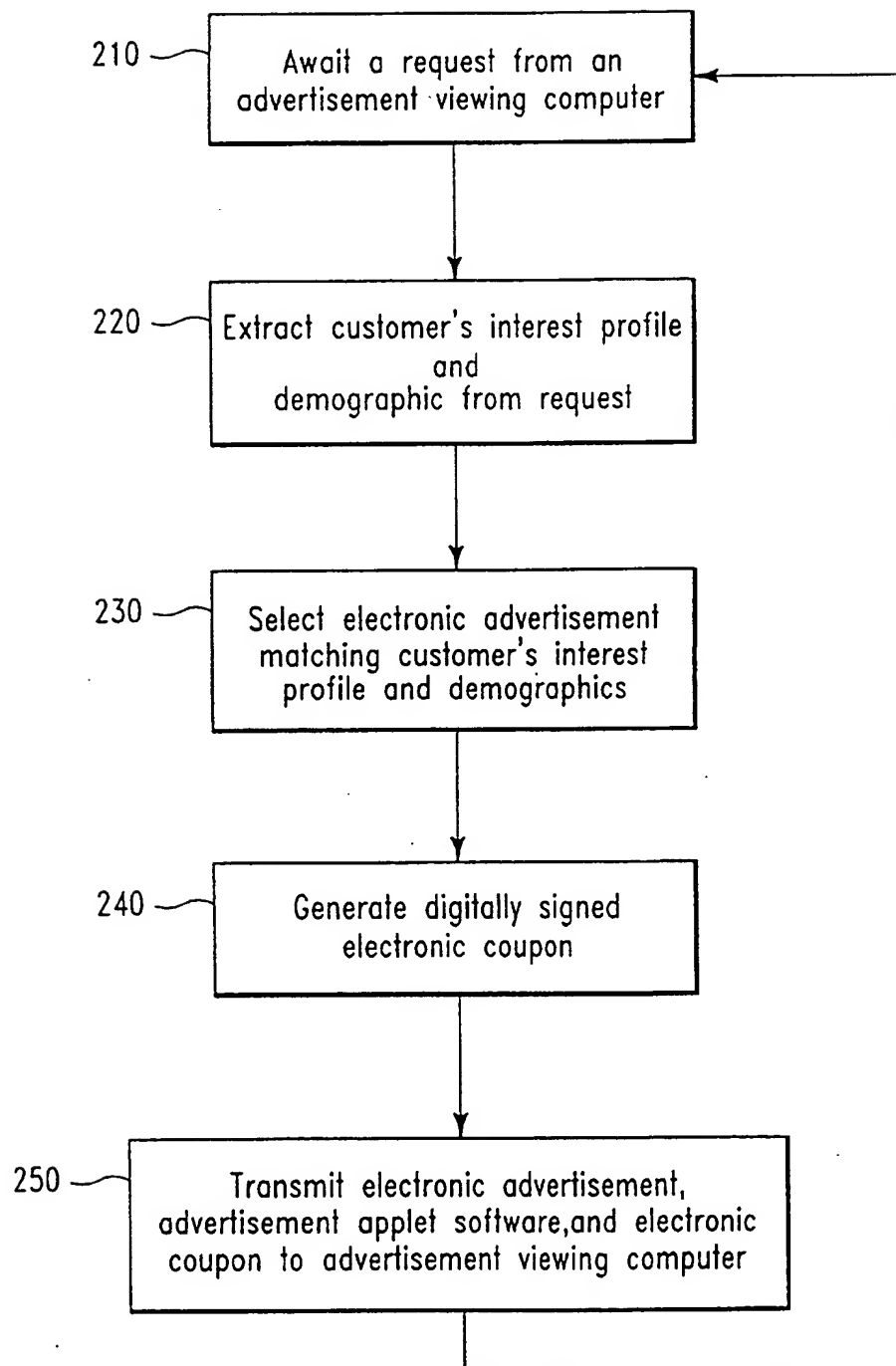


FIG. 2

3/9

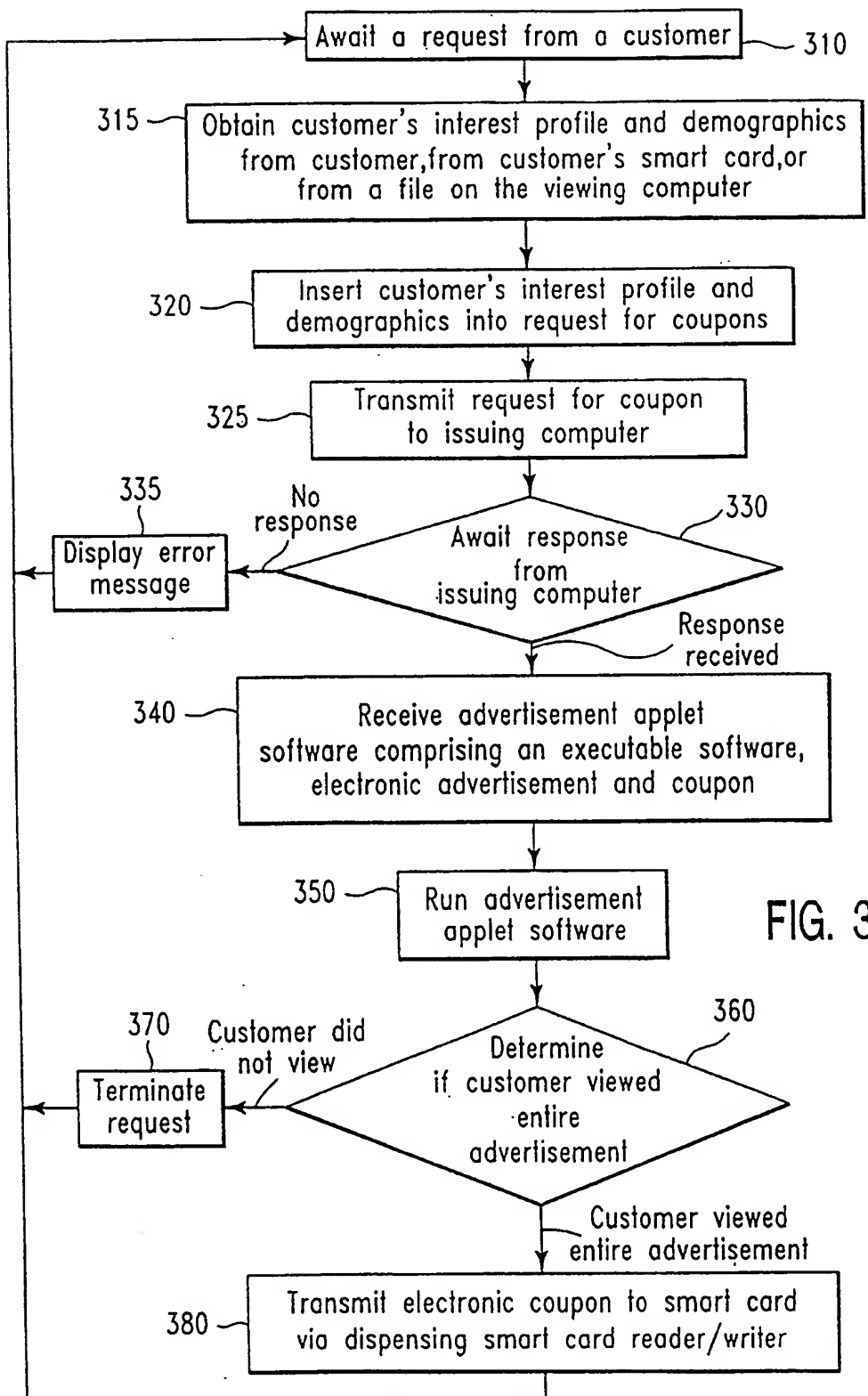
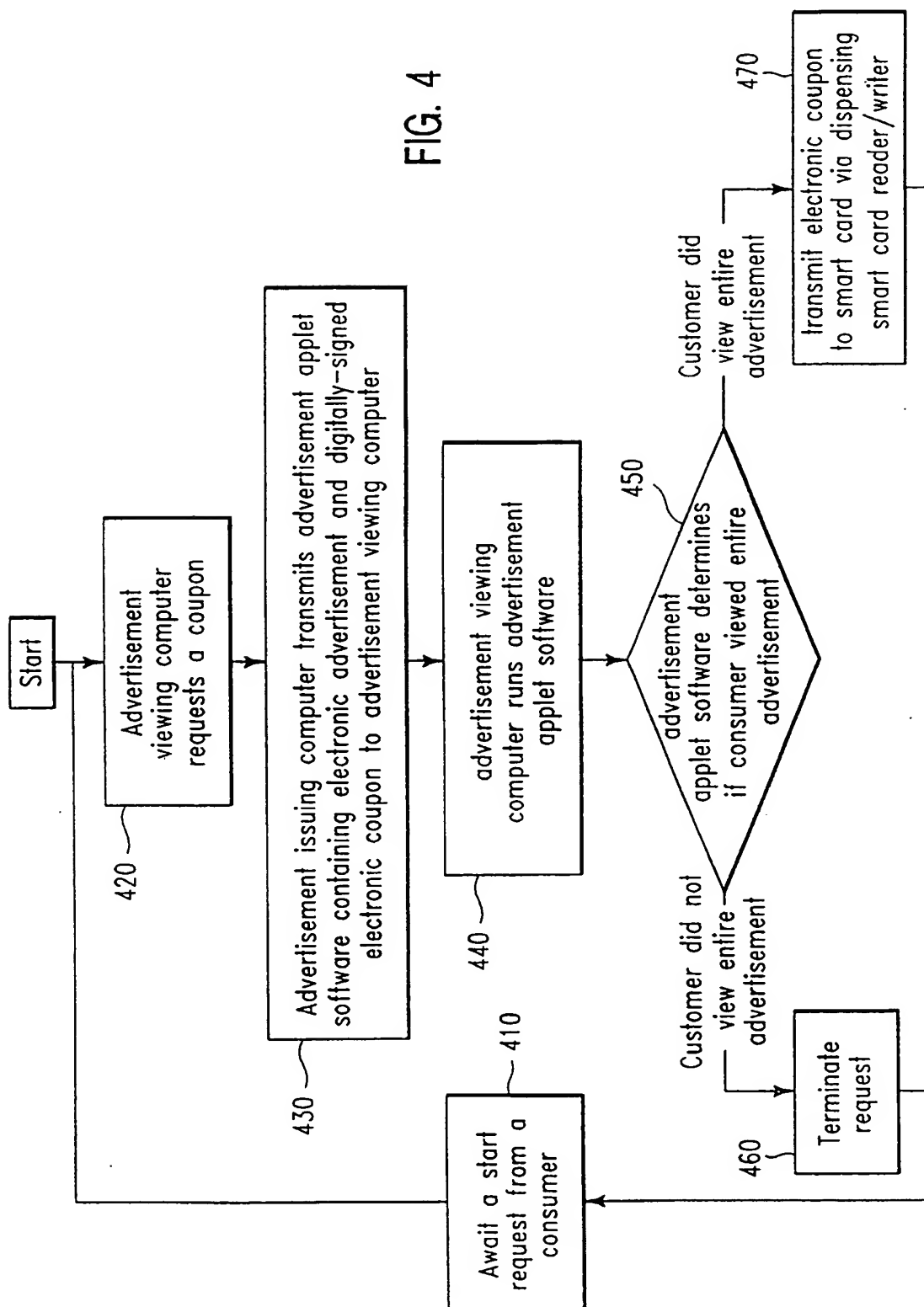


FIG. 3

4/9

FIG. 4



5 / 9

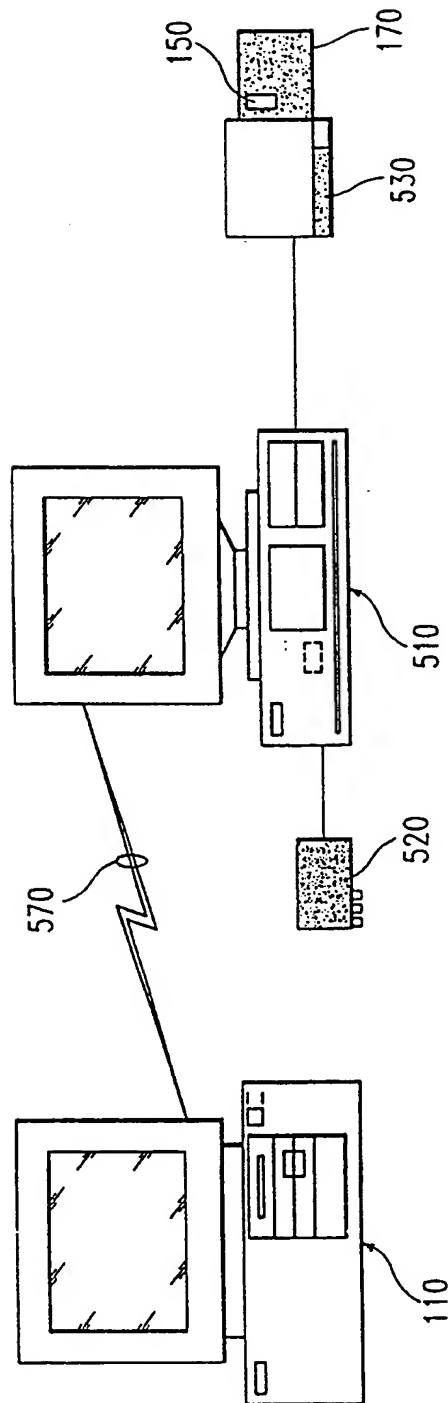


FIG. 5

6/9

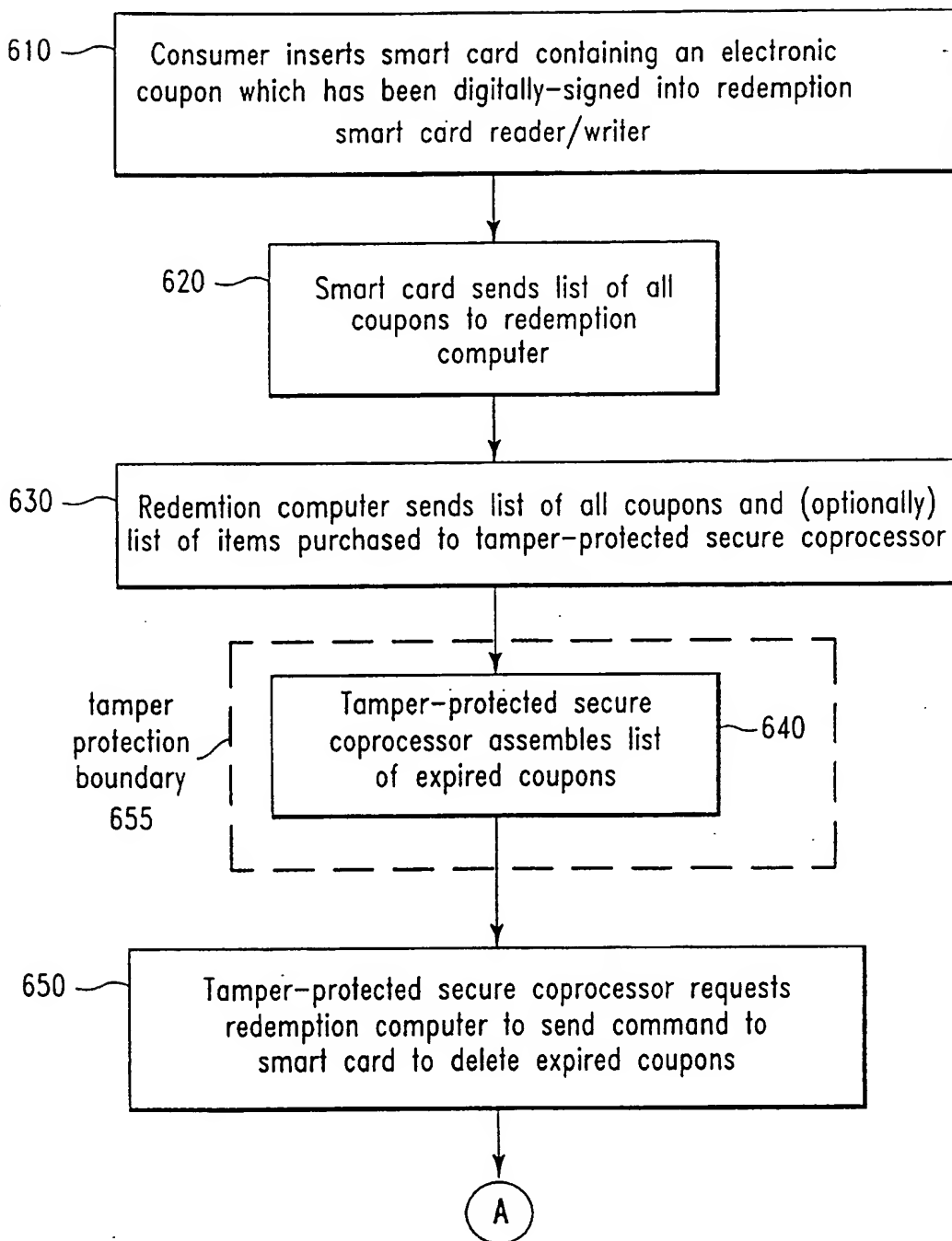


FIG. 6

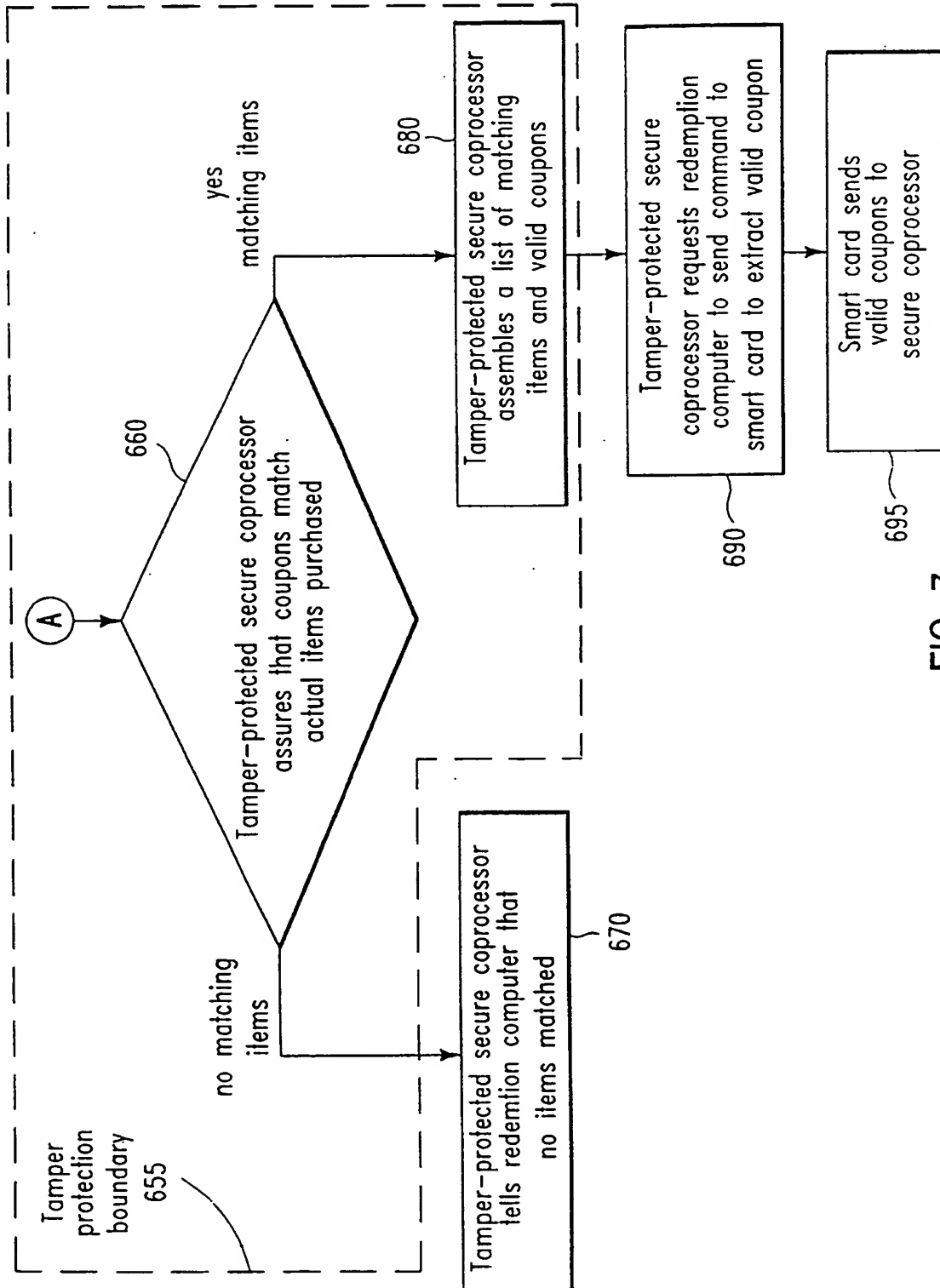


FIG. 7

8/9

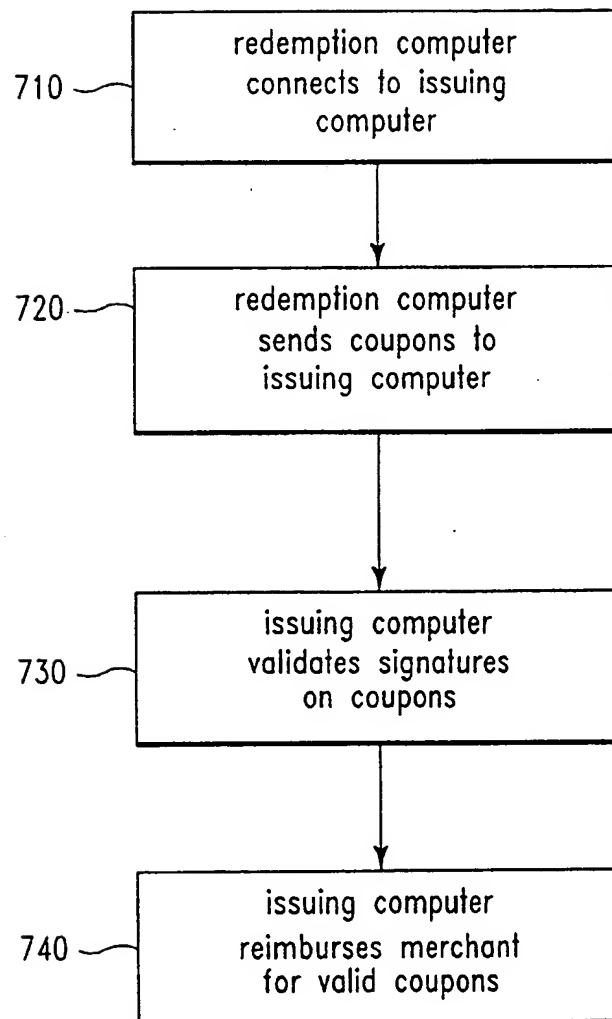


FIG. 8

9/9

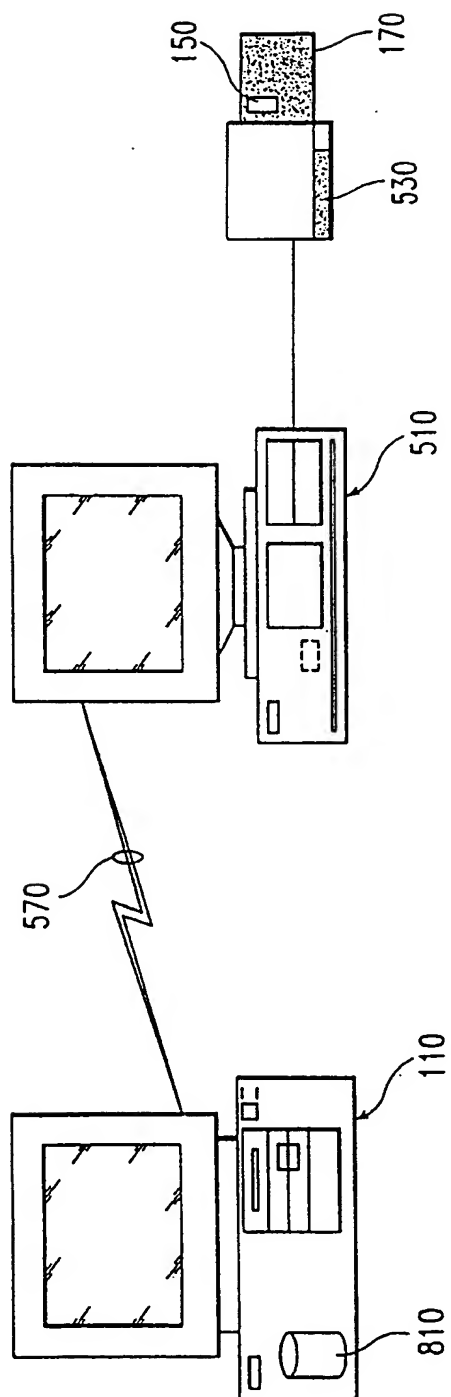


FIG. 9

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/GB 99/00575

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 6 G06F17/60 G07F7/02		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 G06F G07F G07G		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X A A A	WO 97 30410 A (POWELL KEN R) 21 August 1997 see abstract see page 4, line 15 - line 31 see page 7, line 28 - page 13, line 23 see figures 1,4,5,9,10 --- US 5 594 493 A (NEMIROFSKY FRANK R) 14 January 1997 see column 3, line 49 - column 6, line 67 see column 11, line 30 - column 12, line 32 see column 13, line 30 - line 43 see column 15, line 21 - line 32 see figure 7 --- US 5 557 721 A (FITE KENNETH R ET AL) 17 September 1996 --- <div style="text-align: center;">-/--</div>	1-3 7,11,12 1,2,7
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Patent family members are listed in annex. </div>		
<div style="display: flex;"> <div style="flex: 1;"> <p>* Special categories of cited documents :</p> <p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> </div> <div style="flex: 1;"> <p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p>"&" document member of the same patent family</p> </div> </div>		
Date of the actual completion of the international search <div style="text-align: center;">9 June 1999</div>		Date of mailing of the international search report <div style="text-align: center;">16/06/1999</div>
Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016		Authorized officer <div style="text-align: center;">Bocage, S</div>

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 99/00575

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	<p>US 5 380 991 A (VALENCIA LUIS ET AL)</p> <p>10 January 1995</p> <p>-----</p>	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/GB 99/00575

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9730410 A	21-08-1997	US 5806044 A AU 2050797 A CA 2246774 A	08-09-1998 02-09-1997 21-08-1997
US 5594493 A	14-01-1997	AU 683352 B AU 1684395 A CA 2181705 A EP 0761063 A JP 9508993 T WO 9520294 A US 5880769 A US 5767896 A	06-11-1997 08-08-1995 27-07-1995 12-03-1997 09-09-1997 27-07-1995 09-03-1999 16-06-1998
US 5557721 A	17-09-1996	WO 9117530 A	14-11-1991
US 5380991 A	10-01-1995	AU 1175195 A WO 9514287 A	06-06-1995 26-05-1995